PATELLAR PROTECTION PROGRAM

This five-phased program approach can be utilized for both conservative and surgical patellofemoral clients. This systematic approach allows specific goals and criteria to be met; once goals and criteria are attained, the rehabilitation can progress safely. Client compliance is critical.

Ultimate Goal of Program

- 1. Improve Functional Status
- 2. Normalize biomechanical Forces
- 3. Improve Strength/Power/Endurance
- 4. Decrease Pain/Inflammatory Status

Acute Phase – Maximal Protection

GOALS: Relieve Pain and Swelling
Decrease inflammation
Retard muscle atrophy
Maintain/increase flexibility

Weightbearing as tolerated, crutches may be indicated (normal gait)

Ice, compression, elevation

Anti-inflammatory medication (Aspirin or nonsteroidal)

Strengthening exercises (isometric)

- quadricep setting
- multiangle isometrics (non-painful) 90°, 75°, 60°, 45°, 30°
- straight leg raises (four planes of motion)

hip adduction, hip flexion stressed

hip abduction not done with lateral compression syndrome

Electrical stimulation (EMS, TNS, HVGS, Biofeedback) to quadriceps

Balance of soft tissue

LE flexibility stretches (especially hamstrings, gastroc)

Intermittent passive motion

Brace when indicated (patellar stabilizing brace)

Patient education regarding activities, pathomechanics

Avoidance program

squatting, kneeling, excessive knee flexion, stairs, repetitive activies

Subacute Phase – Minimal Protection

GOALS: Restore soft tissue balance
Progress strengthening program
Enhance proprioception

Continue previous exercises

Progress strengthening program

- Leg press *
- Hip abduction/adduction
- Hip ER/IR
- Front lunge onto box
- Mini-squat *
- Wall squat *
- * May add concomitant isometric abduction or adduction depending on pathology

Proprioceptive drills

- Weight shifts
- Mini squats on unstable surface
- Balance on unstable surface

Assess biomechanical faults/control forces to knee

- Hip strength & flexibility
- Core strength & stability
- Foot mechanics (may fabricate orthotics)
- May continue use of brace

Chronic Phase – Progressive Strengthening

Progress to phase three when: ROM and swelling WNL pain is minimal to none

GOAL: Achieve Maximal Strength & Endurance

Continue SLR

Knee flexion isotonics with resistance is begun

Variable resistance isotonic weight training (blocking painful ROM)

- continue shortened range knee extension isotonics
- continue closed kinetic chain exercises

Emphasis on increased functional activities

Dynamic stability drills

- Sport cord lunges
- Core drills
- Lunge/step up on unstable surface
- Single leg balance on unstable surface

Ice therapy post exercise

Avoidance Program

- squatting, painful ADL's

Maintenance Program

Continue Flexibility Daily (part of warm-up and cool down)

Continue PRE Program 3 times a week

Endurance Training is Continued

Continue to be active (walking, swimming, pool running, possible biking)

GOAL: Continue to strengthen without deterious affects on patellofemoral joint

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